

# Microsoft Azure Machine Learning

4th Bigdata Research Team Seminar

Google-MS-Amazon 머신러닝 서비스 비교분석

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7. Amazon-Google-MS 머신러닝 서비스 비교분석

# Azure ML 소개

- Azure Machine Learning(Azure ML)은 MS Azure 클라우드 기반의 Predictive Analytics 서비스
- 특징
  - 1) 완전한 관리 : H/W, S/W를 별도 구매할 필요 없음
  - 2) 통합된 개발 : drag, drop, connect를 통해서 모델을 훈련 시킴
    - > 데이터 셋과 모듈을 시각적으로 연결하여 예측 분석 모델을 구성함
  - 3) 다양한 ML 라이브러리 제공
  - 4) R 및 Python 스크립트를 추가하여 확장 가능함

# Azure ML Studio Overview

## Machine Learning in ML Studio

### Anomaly Detection

- One-class Support Vector Machine
- Principal Component Analysis-based Anomaly Detection
- Time Series Anomaly Detection\*

### Classification

- Two-class Classification
  - Averaged Perceptron
  - Bayes Point Machine
  - Boosted Decision Tree
  - Decision Forest
  - Decision Jungle
  - Logistic Regression
  - Neural Network
  - Support Vector Machine
- Multi-class Classification
  - Decision Forest
  - Decision Jungle
  - Logistic Regression
  - Neural Network
- One-vs-all

### Clustering

- K-means Clustering

### Recommendation

- Matchbox Recommender

### Regression

- Bayesian Linear Regression
- Boosted Decision Tree
- Decision Forest
- Fast Forest Quantile Regression
- Linear Regression
- Neural Network Regression
- Ordinal Regression
- Poisson Regression

### Statistical Functions

- Descriptive Statistics
- Hypothesis Testing T-Test
- Linear Correlation
- Probability Function Evaluation

### Text Analytics

- Feature Hashing
- Named Entity Recognition
- Vowpal Wabbit

### Computer Vision

- OpenCV Library

<https://studio.azureml.net>

Guest Access Workspace: Free trial access without logging in.  
 Free Workspace: Free persisted access, no Azure subscription needed.  
 Standard Workspace: Full access with SLA under an Azure subscription.

### Data Source

- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure SQL DB
- Azure SQL DW\*
- Azure Table
- Desktop Direct Upload
- Hadoop Hive Query
- Manual Data Entry
- OData Feed
- On-prem SQL Server\*
- Web URL (HTTP)

### Data Format

- ARFF
- CSV
- SVMLight
- TSV
- Excel
- ZIP

### Data/Model Visualization

- Scatterplots
- Bar Charts
- Box plots
- Histogram
- R and Python Plotting Libraries
- REPL with Jupyter Notebook
- ROC, Precision/Recall, Lift
- Confusion Matrix
- Decision Tree\*

Cross browser drag & drop ML workflow designer.  
 Zero installation needed.

### Unlimited Extensibility

- R Script Module
- Python Script Module
- Custom Module
- Jupyter Notebook

Built-in ML Algorithms

Import Data

Preprocess

Split Data

Train Model

Score Model

Training Experiment

### Data Preparation

- Clean Missing Data
- Clip Outliers
- Edit Metadata
- Feature Selection
- Filter
- Learning with Counts
- Normalize Data
- Partition and Sample
- Principal Component Analysis
- Quantize Data
- SQLite Transformation
- Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique

### Enterprise Grade Cloud Service

- SLA: 99.95% Guaranteed Up-time
- Azure AD Authentication
- Compute at Large Scale
- Multi-geo Availability
- Regulatory Compliance\*

### One-click Operationalization

Predictive Experiment

### Make Prediction with Elastic APIs

- Request-Response Service (RRS)
- Batch Execution Service (BES)
- Retraining API

### Community

- Gallery (<http://gallery.azureml.net>)
- Samples & Templates
- Workspace Sharing and Collaboration
- Live Chat & MSDN Forum Support

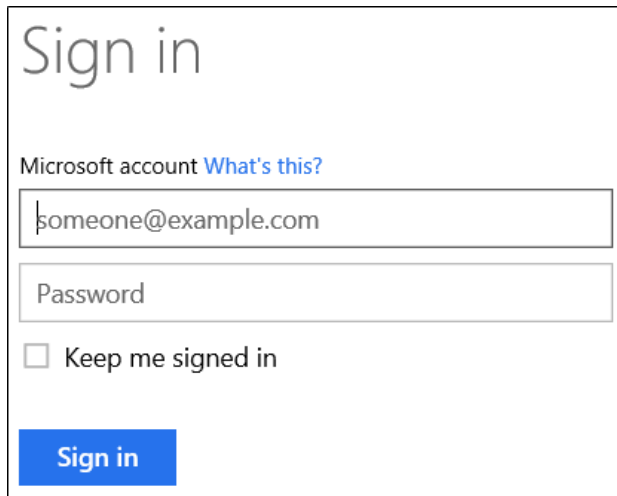
\* Feature Coming Soon

# Azure ML 시작

- Azure ML 작업공간에 무료 계정 생성 후 로그인
  1. 웹 브라우저 실행
  2. <http://studio.azureml.net> 접속
  3. 홈페이지의 위/오른쪽 코너의 Sign In 버튼 클릭



4. 마이크로소프트 계정 입력 후 Sign In 버튼 클릭

A white rectangular sign-in form with a thin black border. At the top, it says 'Sign in' in a large, light gray font. Below that, it says 'Microsoft account' followed by a blue link 'What's this?'. There are two input fields: the first contains 'someone@example.com' and the second is labeled 'Password'. Below the password field is a checkbox labeled 'Keep me signed in'. At the bottom left is a blue button with the text 'Sign in' in white.

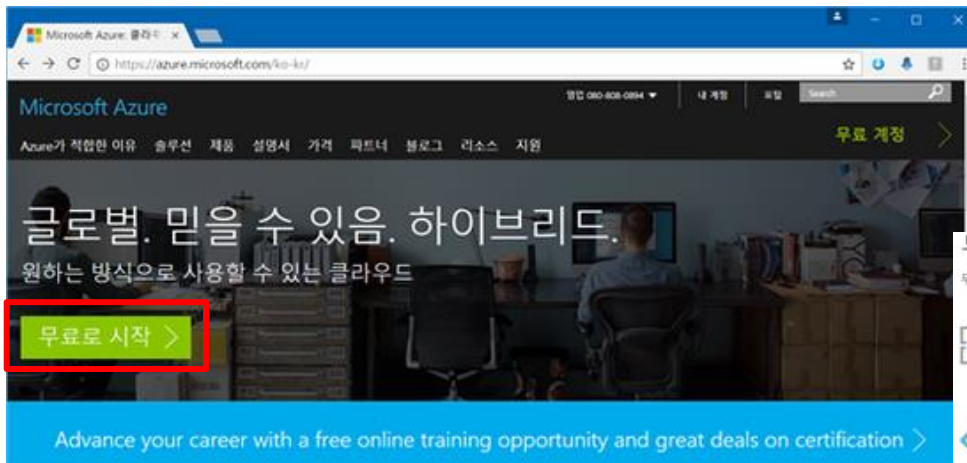
# Azure ML 시작

5. 만약, 마이크로소프트 계정이 없다면 ...

5.1 웹 브라우저(Internet Explorer) 실행

5.2 Azure 관리 포탈 (<https://azure.microsoft.com/ko-kr/>) 접속

5.3 '무료로 시작' 버튼 클릭 (10GB, 30일까지 무료)



## 무료로 Azure 계속 사용

무료로 시작할 수 있는 서비스는 많지만, Microsoft Azure는 구독 유형에 상관없이 무료로 계속 사용할 수 있습니다.



### App Service

모든 플랫폼 또는 장치에 웹 및 모바일 앱을 최대 10개까지 빠르게 빌드하고 호스팅할 수 있습니다.



### Azure Active Directory

사용자당 앱 최대 10개에 대해 디렉터리 개체 및 Single Sign-On을 최대 500,000개까지 지원합니다.



### Notification Hubs

매일 무료로 최대 100만 개의 푸시 알림을 보내고 100만 명의 사용자에게 동시에 브로드캐스트하거나 개별 사용자에게 맞게 조정할 수 있습니다.



### Virtual Network

클라우드에서 최대 50개의 무료 가상 네트워크가 포함된 개인 네트워크를 만들 수 있습니다.



### Machine Learning

기계 학습 실험을 만들어 지능 클라우드에서 고급 분석 빌드를 시작하세요.



### Azure IoT Hub

하루 최대 3,000개의 무료 메시지를 받을 수 있으므로 IoT 장치를 최대 10개까지 모니터링하고 제어할 수 있습니다.



### 모바일 고객 관리

데이터 기반 사용자 참여 플랫폼에서 매일 무료로 제공되는 100명의 월간 사용자를 통해 모바일 앱 사용 및 수익을 극대화하세요.



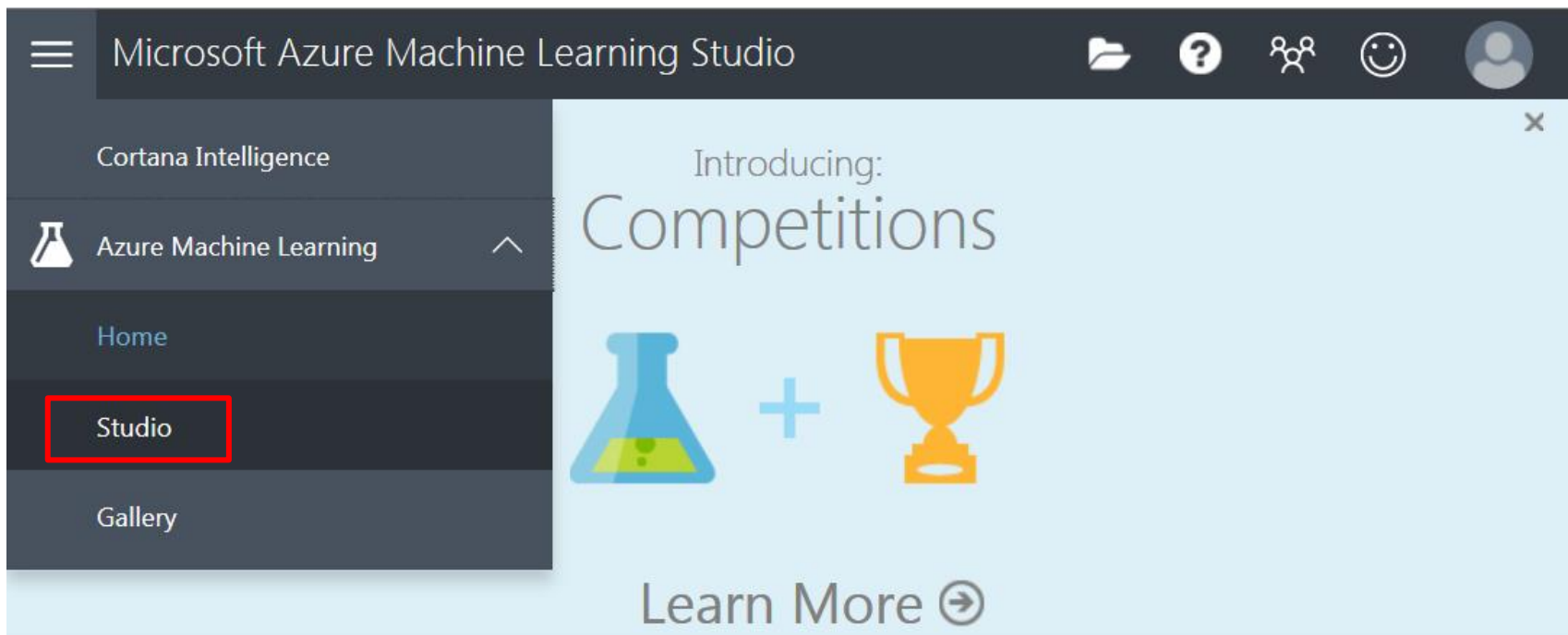
### Log Analytics

매일 최대 500MB의 작동 데이터를 IT 작업에 대한 실질적인 통찰력으로 전환해 보세요.



# Azure ML 시작

## 6. Azure ML Studio 접속



Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio

Cortana Intelligence

Azure Machine Learning

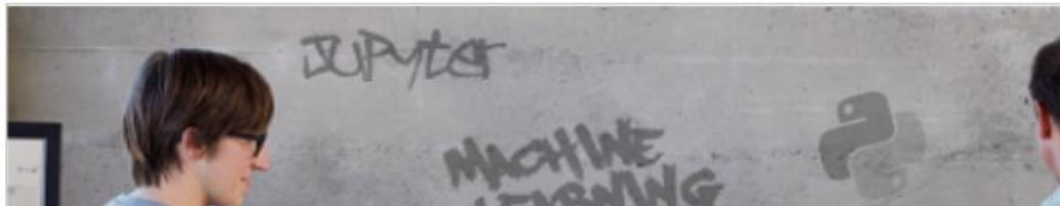
Home

Studio

Gallery

Introducing:  
Competitions

Learn More



Welcome back  
lloook91!

# Azure ML 시작

## 7. Azure ML Studio 화면

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio interface. The top navigation bar shows the title 'Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio' and the user's workspace 'lloook91-Free-Workspace'. The left sidebar contains navigation options: PROJECTS, EXPERIMENTS (selected), WEB SERVICES, NOTEBOOKS, DATASETS, TRAINED MODELS, and SETTINGS. The main content area is titled 'experiments' and shows a table with columns: NAME, AUTHOR, STATUS, LAST EDITED, and PROJECT. The table is currently empty, displaying 'No experiments found'. A status indicator on the right shows '0 items selected'. The bottom toolbar includes a '+ NEW' button and 'DELETE' and 'ADD TO PROJECT' icons.

NAME	AUTHOR	STATUS	LAST EDITED	PROJECT
No experiments found				

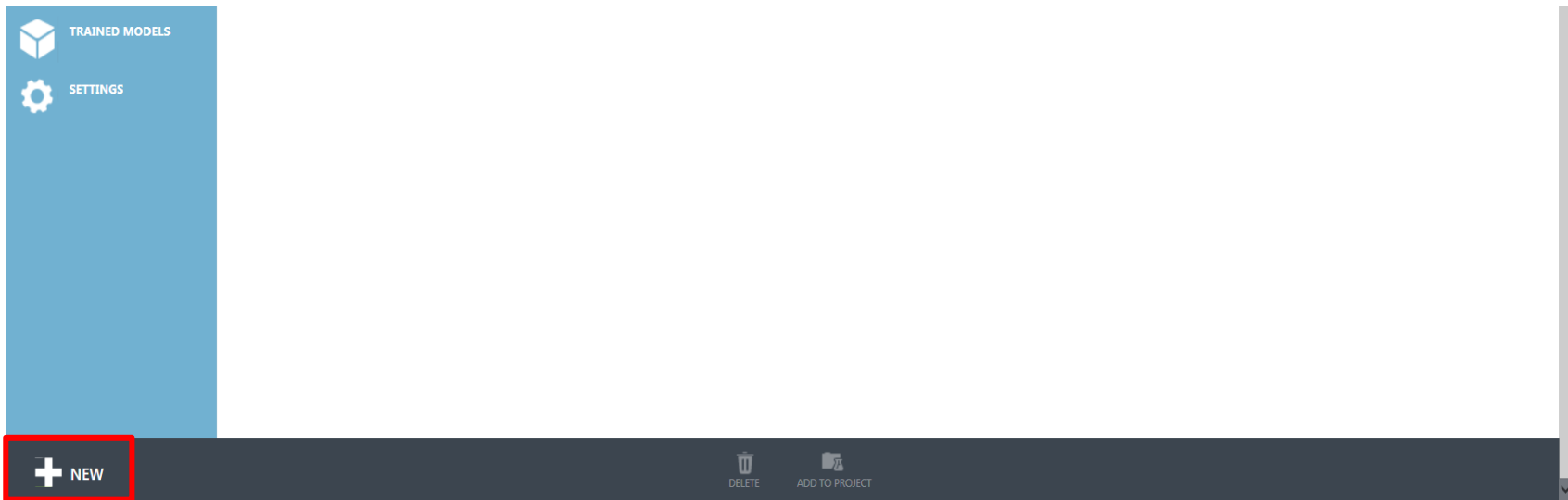


# Azure ML 시작

## 8. Azure ML에서 실험 만들기

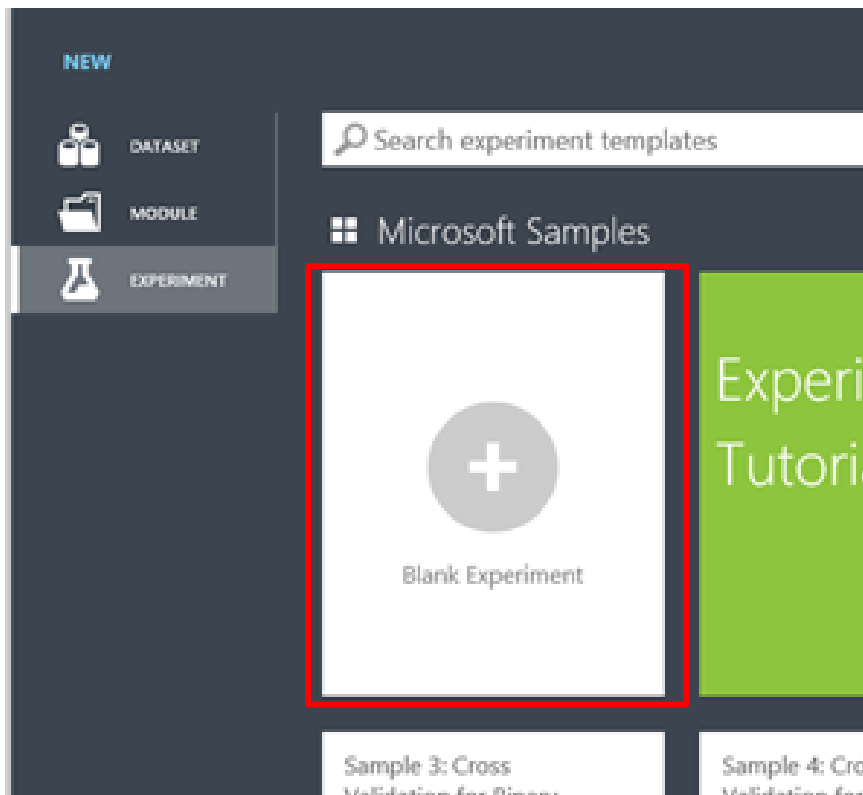
: Azure ML 작업공간에서는 모델을 만들고 평가하고 분석하는 모든 작업이 실험(Experiment)이라는 단위로 이루어 짐  
실험은 모델과 관련된 데이터, 알고리즘 등을 포함

### 8.1 페이지 아래 왼쪽의 NEW 버튼 클릭



# Azure ML 시작

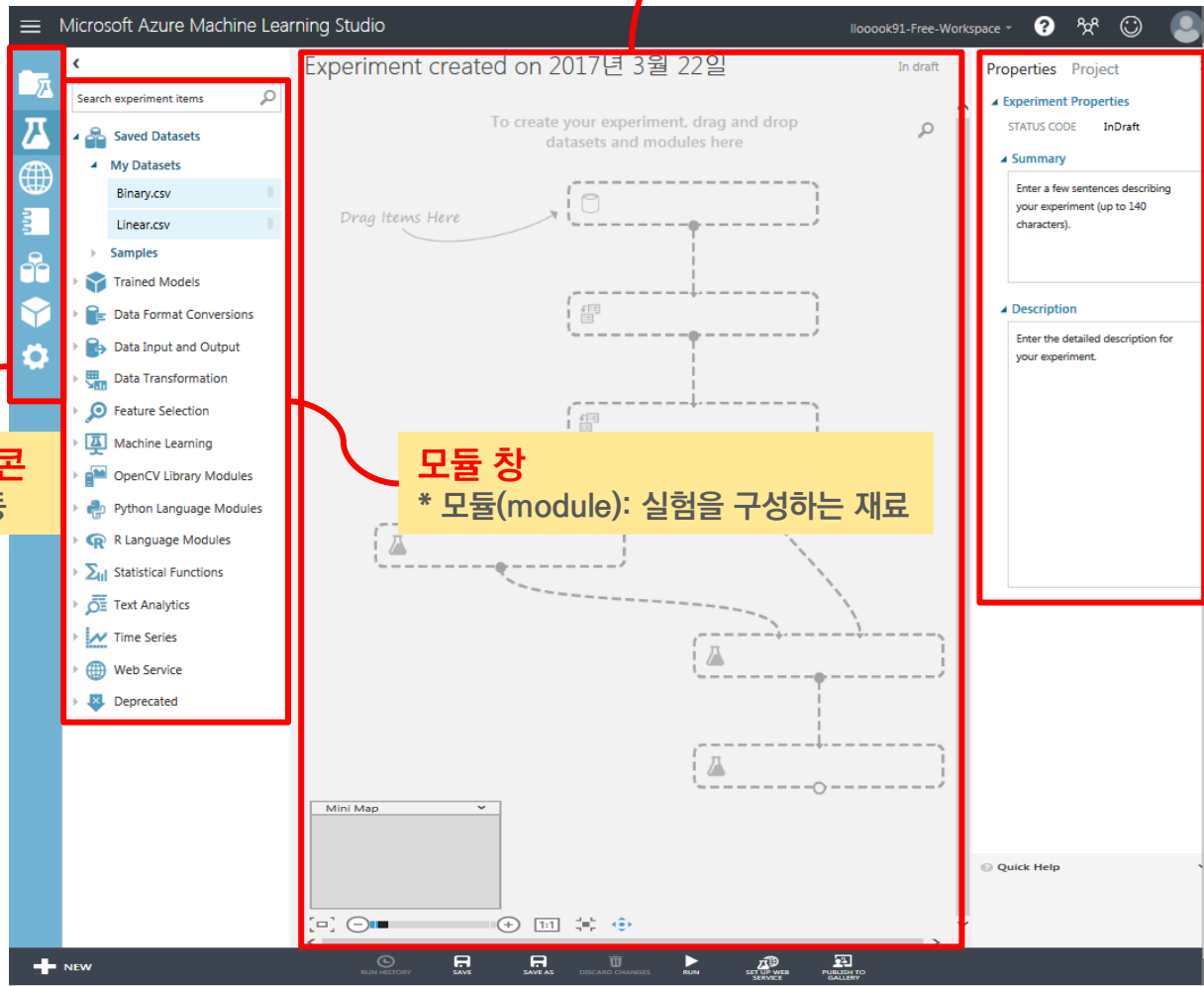
## 9. EXPERIMENT가 선택된 상태에서 Blank Experiment 클릭



# Azure ML 시작

## 10. 새로운 실험이 생성

**캔버스(Canvas)** : 실험을 구성하는 공간  
\* 실험의 구성: 모듈을 끌어다 놓고(drag and drop)  
데이터의 흐름에 따라 서로 연결하는 과정



**네비게이션 아이콘**  
: 작업공간으로 이동

**모듈 창**  
\* 모듈(module): 실험을 구성하는 재료

**속성(Properties)창**  
: 각 모듈의 속성을 지정

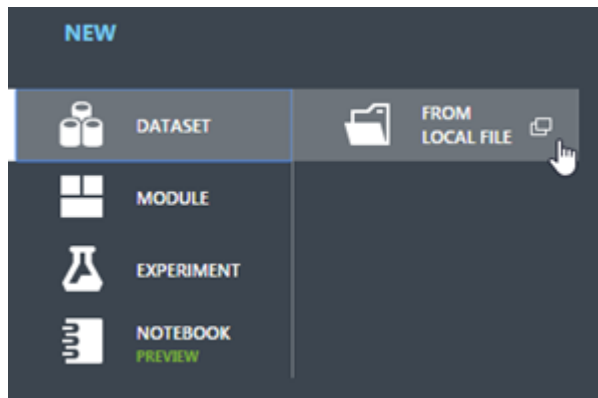
# Dataset 준비

- 생성된 실험에 Dataset과 Module을 추가하여 분석 수행

1. 앞서 실험을 만들 때와 마찬가지로 NEW 버튼 클릭



2. NEW 대화 창에 DATASET이 선택된 상태에서 FROM LOCAL FILE 버튼 클릭



# Dataset 준비

- 생성된 실험에 Dataset과 Module을 추가하여 분석 수행
  3. Choose File 클릭
  4. Dataset(Linear.csv) 불러옴

### Upload a new dataset

SELECT THE DATA TO UPLOAD:

D:\Users\KEI\Desktop\Linear.csv 찾아보기...

This is the new version of an existing dataset

EXISTING DATASET:

Linear.csv ▼

SELECT A TYPE FOR THE NEW DATASET:

Generic CSV File with a header (.csv) ▼

PROVIDE AN OPTIONAL DESCRIPTION:

y	X1	X2	X3	X4
-2.04246	0.378487	-0.01278	0.359555	-1.79957
-2.06037	-0.85324	-1.51883	0.045366	0.001923
0.145093	0.747537	0.868592	-0.66966	-1.70514
5.920947	0.933162	0.079565	-1.18398	0.8003
-7.5433	-0.93291	-0.37751	1.678622	-2.11681
3.50033	0.139463	0.496548	-0.2819	-0.09795
-1.09369	-0.10949	-0.54634	0.543921	-0.18542
5.35553	0.045765	0.562324	-0.30935	0.777913
-0.26916	0.055782	-0.7851	0.209391	-0.1538
4.293475	1.16569	0.690024	0.271404	0.216281
3.984568	-0.25918	-0.07874	-0.2608	0.516445
8.857899	0.744942	1.346154	-0.19878	0.76774
1.760826	0.820181	1.379321	1.624716	-0.77685
2.642428	0.763211	0.510898	0.691251	-0.26026
3.778174	-0.3129	1.473736	-0.91431	0.108045
-0.58286	-0.69774	0.20066	0.698245	-0.67328
5.615658	-0.57853	0.781459	0.141319	0.620103

# Dataset 준비

- 생성된 실험에 Dataset과 Module을 추가하여 분석 수행
5. Linear.csv라는 이름의 Dataset이 추가된 것을 확인함

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio interface. The top navigation bar shows the workspace name 'lloook91-Free-Workspace' and various utility icons. The left sidebar contains a search bar and a list of categories: Saved Datasets, My Datasets, Samples, Trained Models, Data Format Conversions, Data Input and Output, Data Transformation, Feature Selection, Machine Learning, and OpenCV Library Modules. Under 'My Datasets', two datasets are listed: 'Binary.csv' and 'Linear.csv'. The 'Linear.csv' dataset is highlighted with a red rectangular box. A tooltip for 'Linear.csv' is visible below it. The main workspace area shows a flow diagram with a dashed box and the text 'To create your experiment, drag and drop datasets and modules here'. An arrow points to this area with the text 'Drag Items Here'. The right sidebar contains the 'Properties' and 'Project' tabs, with 'Experiment Properties' and 'Summary' sections visible.

# Dataset 준비

## 6. 추가한 Linear dataset을 캔버스로 끌어다 놓고 [dataset / Visualize] 선택

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio interface. On the left, a navigation pane shows 'My Datasets' with 'Linear.csv' selected. The main canvas shows a workflow with a 'Linear.csv' dataset node, marked with a circled '1'. A context menu is open over the dataset node, with the 'dataset' option selected, and a sub-menu showing 'Visualize' highlighted with a red box. The right-hand 'Properties' pane shows details for 'Linear.csv', including its size (52.2 MB) and format (GenericCSV).

Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio

Experiment created on 2017년 3월 In draft

Linear.csv

1

dataset

Visualize

Linear.csv

Property	Value
SUBMITTED BY	lloook91
SIZE	52.2 MB
FORMAT	GenericCSV
CREATED ON	3/22/2017...

# Dataset 준비

## 7. Linear dataset의 행과 열의 개수, 각 열에 대한 히스토그램 제공

Experiment created on 2017년 3월 22... > Linear.csv > dataset

rows: 1000000, columns: 5

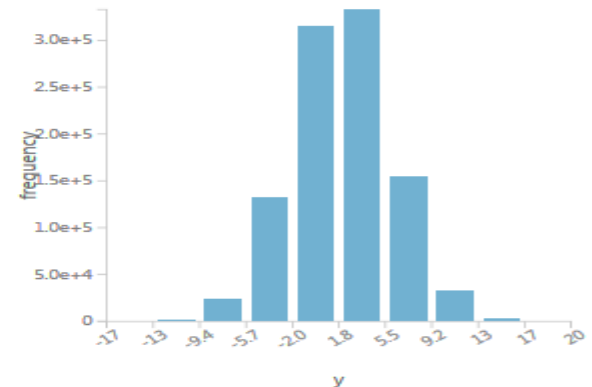
y	X1	X2	X3	X4
-2.042457	0.378487	-0.012777	0.359555	-1.799573
-2.060368	-0.853244	-1.518831	0.045366	0.001923
0.145093	0.747537	0.868592	-0.66966	-1.705137
5.920947	0.933162	0.079565	-1.183978	0.8003
-7.543305	-0.932911	-0.377511	1.678622	-2.116807
3.50033	0.139463	0.496548	-0.2819	-0.097949
-1.093694	-0.109486	-0.546336	0.543921	-0.185424
5.35553	0.045765	0.562324	-0.309352	0.777913
-0.269165	0.055782	-0.785101	0.209391	-0.153802
4.293475	1.16569	0.690024	0.271404	0.216281
3.984568	-0.259177	-0.078738	-0.260802	0.516445
8.857899	0.744942	1.346154	-0.198777	0.76774
1.760826	0.820181	1.379321	1.624716	-0.776848
2.642428	0.763211	0.510898	0.691251	-0.260255
3.778174	-0.312898	1.473736	-0.914305	0.108045
-0.582859	-0.697742	0.20066	0.698245	-0.67328
5.615658	-0.578533	0.781459	0.141319	0.620103
4.177631	3.645273	-2.170797	-1.206669	0.631582
-0.943498	1.08455	-2.038943	0.831177	0.624137
-1.451914	1.27033	-1.310564	-0.206416	-0.276546
-0.723388	0.311119	-0.403024	2.430633	-0.537873
-1.622344	-0.890426	0.293535	0.844203	-0.800638

### Statistics

Mean	2.0068
Median	2.0047
Min	-16.843
Max	20.3576
Standard Deviation	3.9959
Unique Values	986541
Missing Values	0
Feature Type	Numeric Feature

### Visualizations

#### y Histogram







# Dataset 준비

## 8. 해당 속성에 대한 다양한 통계값과 시각화 제공

Experiment created on 2017년 3월 22... > Linear.csv > dataset

rows 1000000 columns 5

view as  

y	X1	X2	X3	X4
-2.042457	0.378487	-0.012777	0.359555	-1.799573
-2.060368	-0.853244	-1.518831	0.045366	0.001923
0.145093	0.747537	0.868592	-0.66966	-1.705137
5.920947	0.933162	0.079565	-1.183978	0.8003
-7.543305	-0.932911	-0.377511	1.678622	-2.116807
3.50033	0.139463	0.496548	-0.2819	-0.097949
-1.093694	-0.109486	-0.546336	0.543921	-0.185424
5.35553	0.045765	0.562324	-0.309352	0.777913
-0.269165	0.055782	-0.785101	0.209391	-0.153802
4.293475	1.16569	0.690024	0.271404	0.216281
3.984568	-0.259177	-0.078738	-0.260802	0.516445
8.857899	0.744942	1.346154	-0.198777	0.76774
1.760826	0.820181	1.379321	1.624716	-0.776848
2.642428	0.763211	0.510898	0.691251	-0.260255
3.778174	-0.312898	1.473736	-0.914305	0.108045
-0.582859	-0.697742	0.20066	0.698245	-0.67328
5.615658	-0.578533	0.781459	0.141319	0.620103
4.177631	3.645273	-2.170797	-1.206669	0.631582
-0.943498	1.08455	-2.038943	0.831177	0.624137
-1.451914	1.27033	-1.310564	-0.206416	-0.276546
-0.723388	0.311119	-0.403024	2.430633	-0.537873
-1.622344	-0.890426	0.293535	0.844203	-0.800638

>

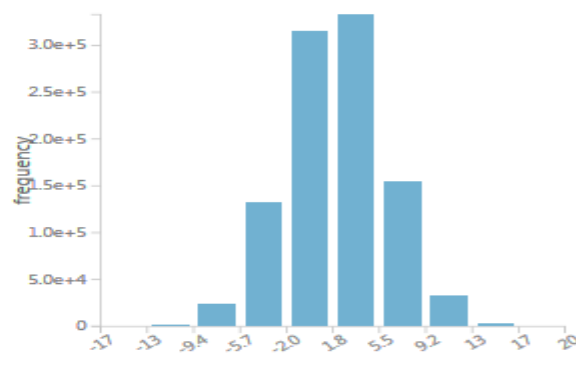
Statistics

Mean	2.0068
Median	2.0047
Min	-16.843
Max	20.3576
Standard Deviation	3.9959
Unique Values	986541
Missing Values	0
Feature Type	Numeric Feature

Visualizations

y

Histogram



frequency

y

# Regression Model

# Regression Analysis

- 모델을 만들기 위한 학습 데이터와 만들어진 모델을 평가하기 위한 평가 데이터로 분리
  1. 작업공간 왼쪽 위의 검색 창에 데이터 분리를 위한 모듈 'split' 검색
  2. Split Data 모듈을 캔버스에 끌어다 놓음
  3. Properties 창에서 Fraction of rows in the first output dataset 에 0.75 입력 (왼쪽 출력포트: 75%, 오른쪽 출력포트: 25%)

The screenshot displays a software interface for data analysis. On the left, a sidebar contains a search bar with the text 'split' and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, a tree view shows 'Saved Datasets' (with 'Restaurant ratings' selected) and 'Data Transformation' (with 'Sample and Split' selected, and 'Split Data' highlighted with a red box). The main canvas area shows an experiment titled 'Experiment created on 2017년 3월' in draft status. It contains two modules: 'Linear.csv' (labeled '1') and 'Split Data' (labeled '2'). The 'Split Data' module's properties are visible on the right, with 'Fraction of rows in the first output dataset' set to '0.5' (highlighted with a red box). Other properties include 'Splitting mode' (Split Rows), 'Randomized split' (checked), 'Random seed' (0), and 'Stratified split' (False).

# Regression Analysis

4. 캔버스 아래쪽의 RUN을 클릭 실행이 완료되면 Split 모듈 오른쪽에 녹색 체크 표시

The screenshot displays a data science software interface. On the left is a sidebar with various tool categories. The main canvas shows a workflow starting with a 'Linear.csv' dataset module connected to a 'Split Data' module. The 'Split Data' module is highlighted with a red dashed box, and a green checkmark is visible on its right side. Below the main canvas is a 'Mini Map' showing the same workflow. At the bottom of the interface is a toolbar with several buttons: 'NEW', 'RUN HISTORY', 'SAVE', 'SAVE AS', 'DISCARD CHANGES', 'RUN', 'SET UP WEB SERVICE', and 'PUBLISH TO GALLERY'. The 'RUN' button is highlighted with a red box. On the right side, the 'Split Data' configuration panel is open, showing settings for 'Splitting mode' (Split Rows), 'Fraction of rows in the first set' (0.75), 'Randomized split' (checked), 'Random seed' (0), and 'Stratified split' (False). The status of the task is 'Finished'.

Search experiment items

- ▶ Saved Datasets
- ▶ Trained Models
- ▶ Data Format Conversions
- ▶ Data Input and Output
- ▶ Data Transformation
- ▶ Feature Selection
- ▶ Machine Learning
- ▶ OpenCV Library Modules
- ▶ Python Language Modules
- ▶ R Language Modules
- ▶ Statistical Functions
- ▶ Text Analytics
- ▶ Time Series
- ▶ Web Service
- ▶ Deprecated

Draft saved at 오전 9:54:43

Linear.csv

Split Data 1 2

Mini Map

Linear.csv

Split Data 1 2

Split Data

Splitting mode  
Split Rows

Fraction of rows in the first set  
0.75

Randomized split

Random seed  
0

Stratified split  
False

START TIME 3/23/2017...  
END TIME 3/23/2017...  
ELAPSED TIME 0:00:00.000  
STATUS CODE Finished  
STATUS DETAILS Task output was present in output cache

Quick Help

Split the rows of a dataset into two distinct sets (more help...)

NEW RUN HISTORY SAVE SAVE AS DISCARD CHANGES RUN SET UP WEB SERVICE PUBLISH TO GALLERY

# Regression Analysis

## 5. Split 모듈의 출력포트(왼쪽, 오른쪽) 클릭 -> Visualize 클릭

### 5.1 왼쪽 출력포트: 750,000개의 (75%) 오른쪽 출력포트: 250,000개의 (25%) 항목을 확인

Linear Regression Analysis 2017.03.22 > Split Data > Results dataset1

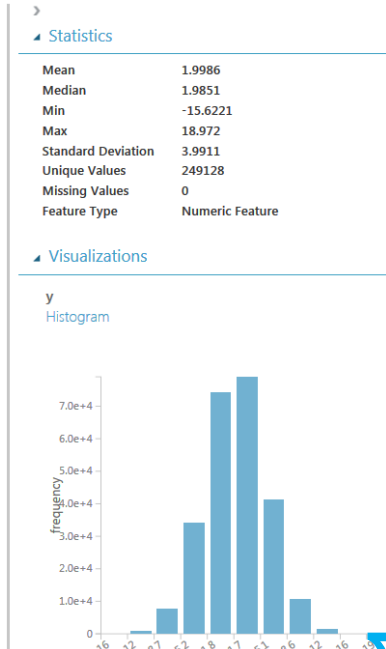
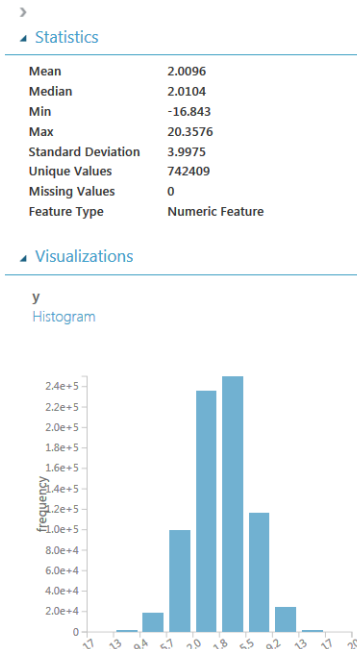
rows: 750000, columns: 5

y	X1	X2	X3	X4
1.95245	0.498401	-0.318172	-0.321123	0.284839
8.521596	-0.593897	0.983661	2.701776	2.658439
2.180898	0.615106	0.961651	0.599773	-0.519
2.066249	0.283523	0.822541	0.047709	-1.116829
0.63082	-0.515336	0.974514	-0.097375	-0.790334
-5.425551	-0.149913	0.359506	-1.225475	-2.478601
-0.831596	-0.890183	1.131969	1.658705	-0.765287
-5.185148	-1.908579	-0.126227	1.3254	-0.773014
4.968429	0.253385	-1.665216	-0.075997	1.687267
-2.204231	-0.683879	-0.547789	0.229165	-0.551469
-2.442555	0.795498	-1.018847	1.50211	-0.663527
-0.118826	0.357204	-0.665897	2.297899	0.616557
0.63689	0.311357	-0.80483	-2.157544	-1.00056
0.169543	1.840491	-0.307138	-0.299141	-0.67129
0.351085	-1.184179	-0.2826	1.376771	0.825483
6.392628	0.274202	0.717099	-0.022325	0.978965
-1.456573	-0.050769	-1.766128	0.186835	0.352907
0.364217	0.386778	0.219756	0.256168	-0.821799
-2.466613	0.367533	0.606299	0.800758	-2.058798
-5.162158	-1.528698	-0.982677	0.077535	-0.620597

Linear Regression Analysis 2017.03.22 > Split Data > Results dataset2

rows: 250000, columns: 5

y	X1	X2	X3	X4
13.465857	-0.411772	0.709365	-1.922661	3.023134
-2.002188	-0.209456	-1.256815	-1.907706	-1.190089
0.630137	1.288155	-0.978283	0.000879	-0.425027
-2.721093	0.536884	-0.443573	0.315595	-0.785715
7.696182	0.009584	0.39382	-0.186485	1.638789
2.000733	0.527204	-0.471469	-0.927625	0.059235
-1.19303	-0.272086	-1.795461	0.856469	0.109629
3.277375	-2.176456	1.090739	-2.021236	0.27057
4.583633	0.504702	-0.204402	0.516011	0.423144
3.393767	0.529871	-0.468828	0.115473	0.957172
0.59884	-1.748067	0.359497	0.343337	-0.748543
3.451759	-0.635524	0.131922	1.895396	1.166627
-1.360037	-1.093655	-0.29549	-0.063398	-0.915983
0.255559	1.380944	0.313732	2.002985	-0.11725
8.277814	-0.783917	1.011258	-1.179523	1.415073
8.201917	1.616984	-0.001409	-0.404528	1.440088
-2.624624	-0.038906	-0.853811	2.517302	-0.428517
-0.806975	1.525356	-0.771623	0.928414	-0.787121
-6.480496	-0.369781	-1.925865	-0.276417	-1.30736
8.145962	1.143592	0.140822	0.129958	2.052382



# Regression Analysis

6. Train Model 모듈을 캔버스에 끌어다 놓고
  - 6.1 Split Data 모듈의 왼쪽 출력 포트와 Train Model 모듈의 오른쪽 입력 포트를 연결
7. Properties 창에서 Launch column selector 버튼 클릭

The screenshot displays a machine learning software interface. On the left is a vertical toolbar with icons for file operations, machine learning, and settings. The main workspace shows a workflow with three modules: 'Linear.csv' (data source), 'Split Data' (data processing), and 'Train Model' (model training). The 'Train Model' module is highlighted with a red circle and the number '1'. To the right, the 'Properties' window is open for the 'Train Model' module. It shows a 'Label column' field with a 'Selected columns' box containing the text 'Launch the selector tool to make a selection'. Below this, a 'Launch column selector' button is highlighted with a red rectangular border.

train mo

Machine Learning

Train

Train Model

Linear.csv

Split Data

Train Model

1

Properties Project

Train Model

Label column

Selected columns:  
Launch the selector tool to make a selection

Launch column selector

# Regression Analysis

## 8. 모델이 예측하고자 하는 속성 선택 (y 선택)

Select a single column x

**BY NAME**

WITH RULES

**AVAILABLE COLUMNS**

All Types

X1  
X2  
X3  
X4

4 columns available

**SELECTED COLUMNS**

All Types

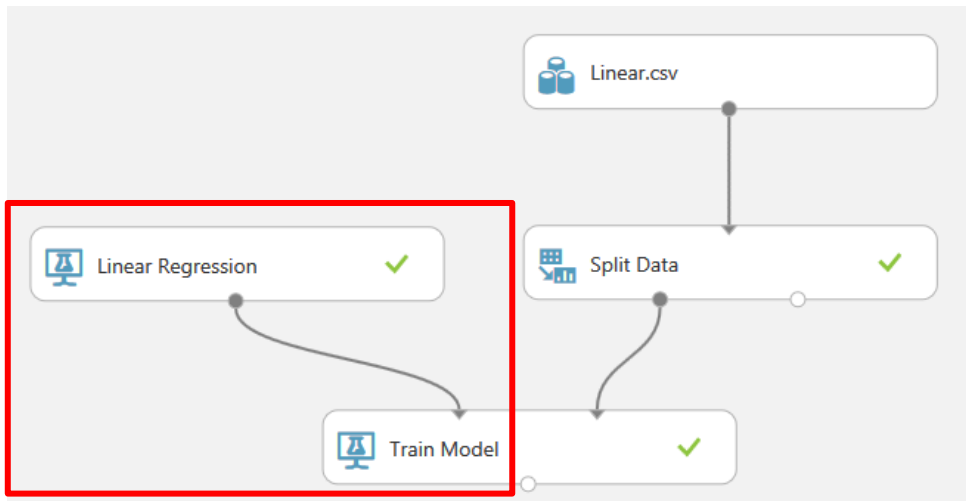
y

1 columns selected

>  
<

# Regression Analysis

- 선형 회귀 알고리즘(linear regression)을 찾은 후, 이를 캔버스에 끌어 놓고 Train Model 모듈의 첫번째 입력 포트와 연결
- 9.1 Train Model 모듈 출력포트 Visualize해보면, 학습된 모델의 설정값과 속성의 가중치를 확인할 수 있음



Linear Regression Analysis 2017.03.22 > Train Model > Trained model

## Batch Linear Regressor

### Settings

Setting	Value
Bias	True
Regularization	0.001
Allow Unknown Levels	True
Random Number Seed	

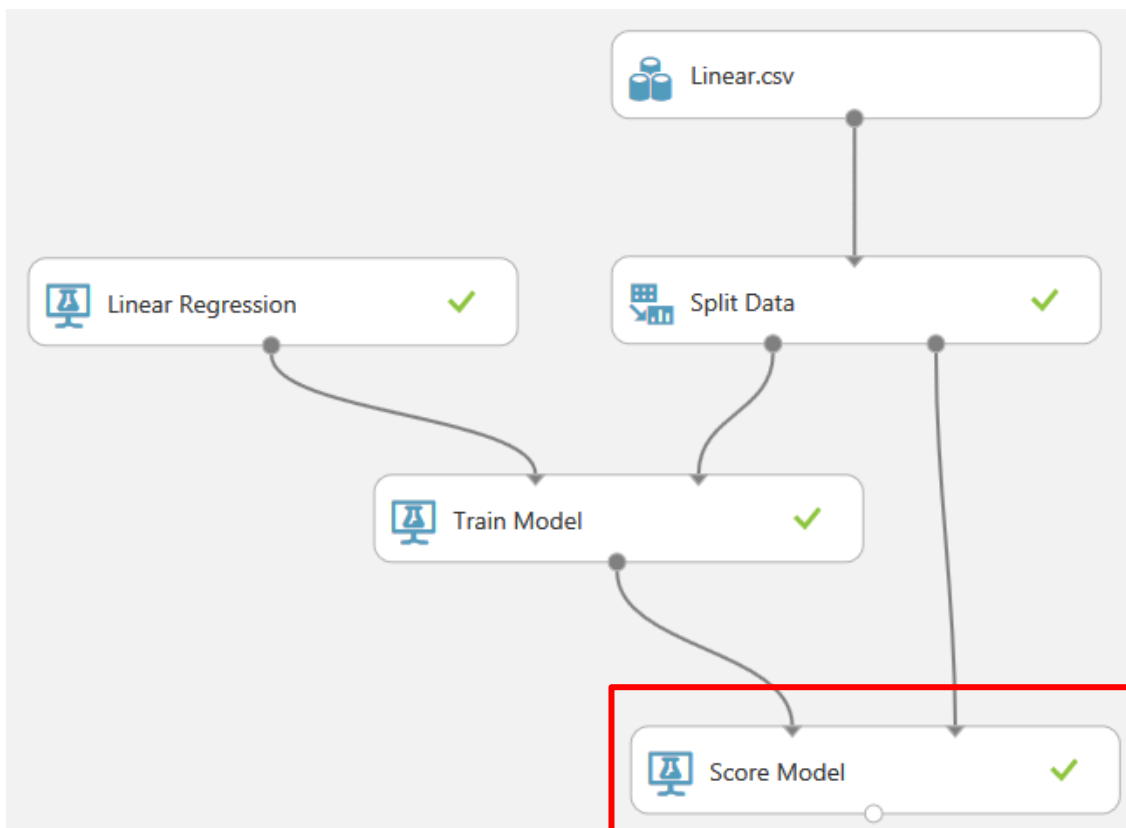
### Feature Weights

Feature	Weight
X4	3.00051
X2	2.00085
Bias	1.99972
X1	1.00016
X3	-0.999646



# Regression Analysis

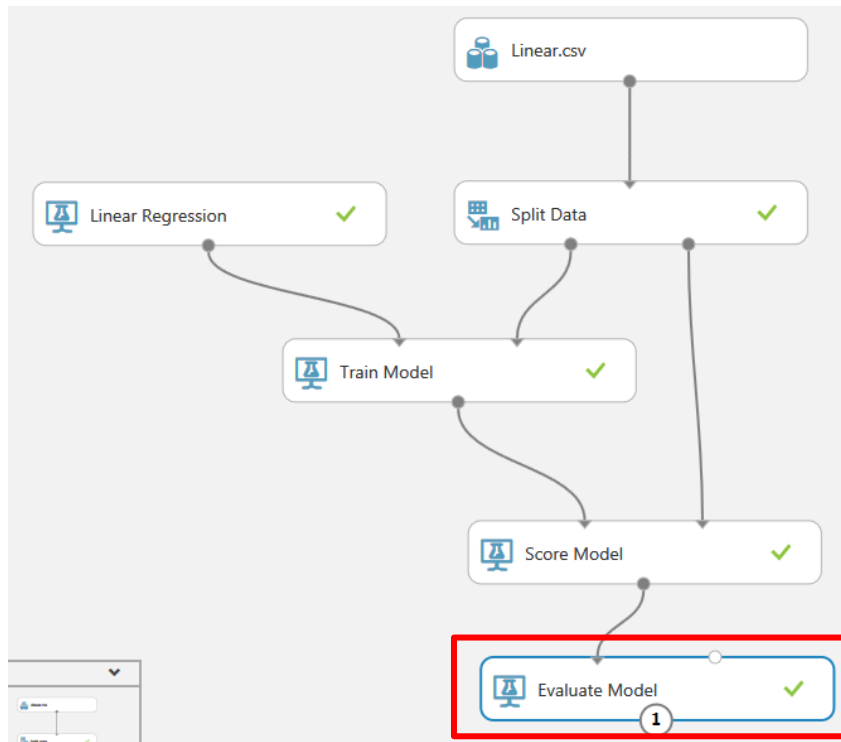
## 10. Score Model을 캔버스에 끌어 놓고 앞서 만든 모델 및 평가 데이터와 연결 10.1 Score Labels: y 속성을 예측한 결과



	y	X1	X2	X3	X4	Scored Labels
15						
	13.465857	-0.411772	0.709365	-1.922661	3.023134	14.000144
	-2.002188	-0.209456	-1.256815	-1.907706	-1.190089	-2.388316
	0.630137	1.288155	-0.978283	0.000879	-0.425027	0.054509
	-2.721093	0.536884	-0.443573	0.315595	-0.785715	-1.023862
	7.696182	0.009584	0.39382	-0.186485	1.638789	7.900904
	2.000733	0.527204	-0.471469	-0.927625	0.059235	2.688704
	-1.19303	-0.272086	-1.795461	0.856469	0.109629	-2.392088
	3.277375	-2.176456	1.090739	-2.021236	0.27057	4.83769
	4.583633	0.504702	-0.204402	0.516011	0.423144	2.849345
	3.393767	0.529871	-0.468828	0.115473	0.957172	4.348192
	0.59884	-1.748067	0.359497	0.343337	-0.748543	-1.618557
	3.451759	-0.635524	0.131922	1.895396	1.166627	3.233801
	-1.360037	-1.093655	-0.29549	-0.063398	-0.915983	-2.370386
	0.255559	1.380944	0.313732	2.002985	-0.11725	1.654534
	8.277814	-0.783917	1.011258	-1.179523	1.415073	8.664102
	8.201917	1.616984	-0.001409	-0.404528	1.440088	8.339532
	-2.624624	-0.038906	-0.853811	2.517302	-0.428517	-3.549724
	-0.806975	1.525356	-0.771623	0.928414	-0.787121	-1.308431
	-6.480496	-0.369781	-1.925865	-0.276417	-1.30736	-5.869924
	8.145962	1.143592	0.140822	0.129958	2.052382	9.453545
	6.111204	-0.689906	0.854707	-1.169975	0.3781	5.3239

# Regression Model 성능 비교

1. Evaluate Model을 캔버스에 끌어 놓고 Score Model과 연결  
1.1 Evaluate Model: 예측 값과 실제 값을 바탕으로 다양한 평가 지표 제공
2. 결과포트를 Visualize한 결과: RMSE를 비롯한 다양한 평가지표와 예측된 값과 실제 값 간의 차이를 시각화한 결과 확인

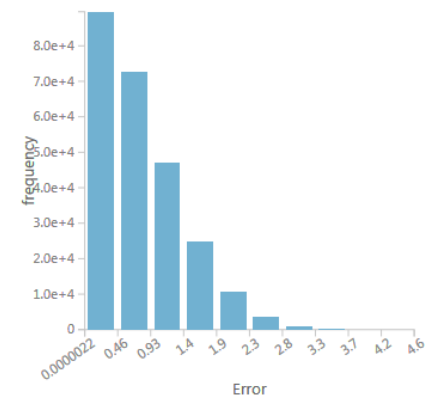


Linear Regression Analysis 2017.03.22 > Evaluate Model > Evaluation results

## Metrics

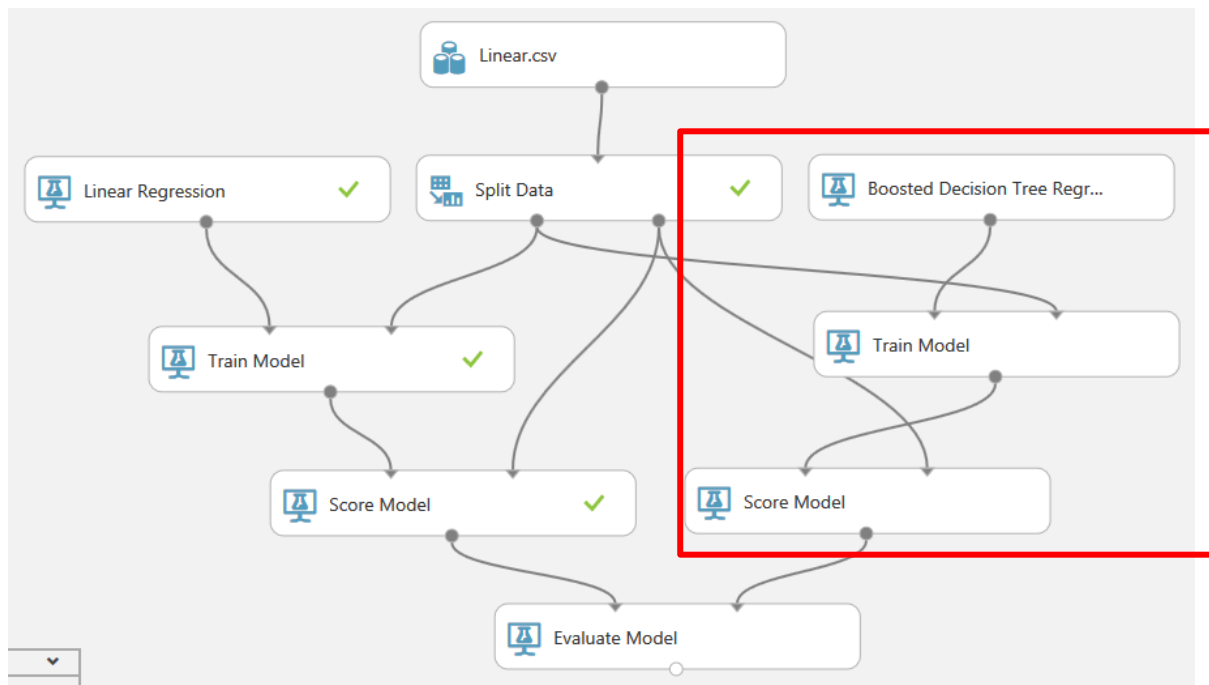
Mean Absolute Error	0.796548
Root Mean Squared Error	0.998402
Relative Absolute Error	0.250383
Relative Squared Error	0.06258
Coefficient of Determination	0.93742

## Error Histogram



# Regression Model 성능 비교

- 앙상블에 기반한 의사결정트리 모델을 추가해서 성능 비교
  3. Boosted Decision Tree Regression 모듈 및 해당하는 Train/Score Model 모듈을 추가
  4. Score Model 모듈의 결과 포트를 Evaluate Model 모듈의 다른 쪽 입력 포트에 연결



# Regression Model 성능 비교

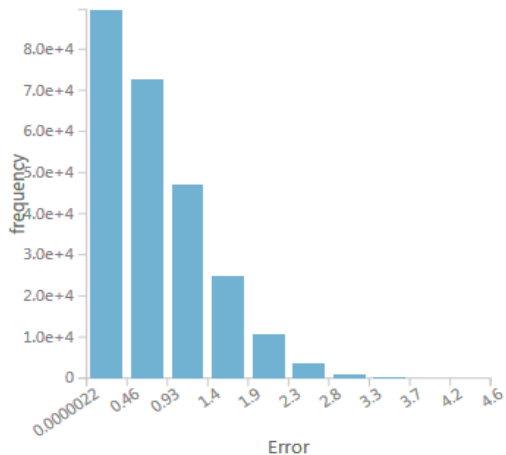
5. 앙상블 트리 모델에 비해 선형회귀 모델의 RMSE가 낮으며, 에러의 분포 역시 전반적으로 훨씬 낮은 값을 보임

Linear Regression Analysis 2017.03.22 > Evaluate Model > Evaluation results

## Metrics

Mean Absolute Error	0.796548
Root Mean Squared Error	0.998402
Relative Absolute Error	0.250383
Relative Squared Error	0.06258
Coefficient of Determination	0.93742

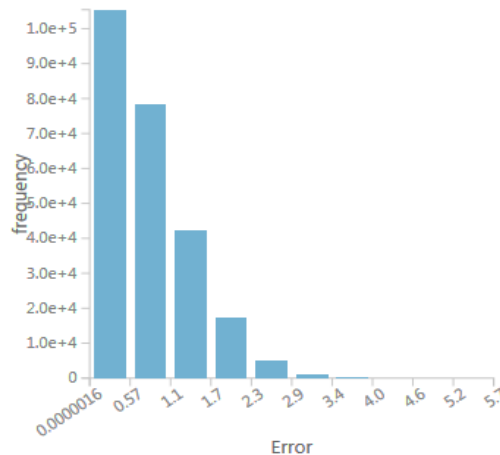
## Error Histogram



## Metrics

Mean Absolute Error	0.823302
Root Mean Squared Error	1.032505
Relative Absolute Error	0.258792
Relative Squared Error	0.066928
Coefficient of Determination	0.933072

## Error Histogram



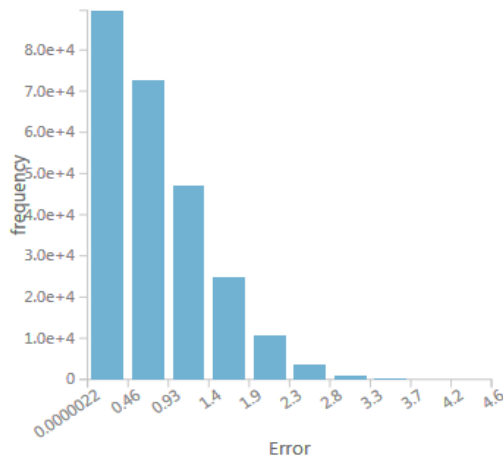
# Regression Model 성능 비교

## Regression Analysis

### Metrics

Mean Absolute Error	0.796548
Root Mean Squared Error	0.998402
Relative Absolute Error	0.250383
Relative Squared Error	0.06258
Coefficient of Determination	0.93742

### Error Histogram

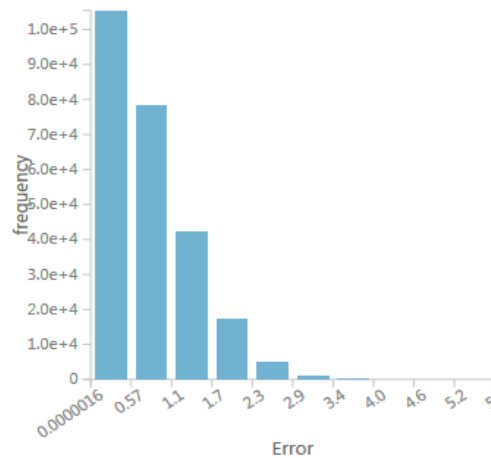


## Boosted Decision Tree

### Metrics

Mean Absolute Error	0.823302
Root Mean Squared Error	1.032505
Relative Absolute Error	0.258792
Relative Squared Error	0.066928
Coefficient of Determination	0.933072

### Error Histogram

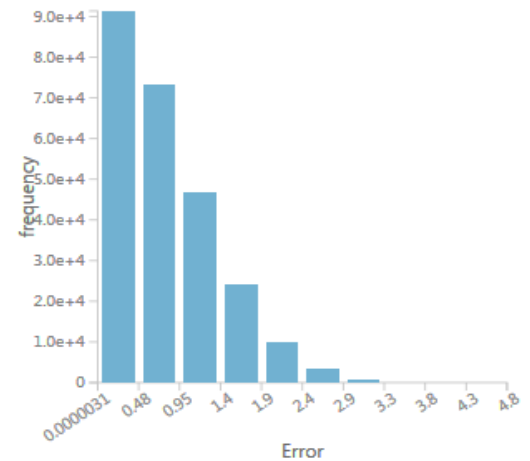


## Neural Network Regression

### Metrics

Mean Absolute Error	0.800059
Root Mean Squared Error	1.00286
Relative Absolute Error	0.251486
Relative Squared Error	0.06314
Coefficient of Determination	0.93686

### Error Histogram

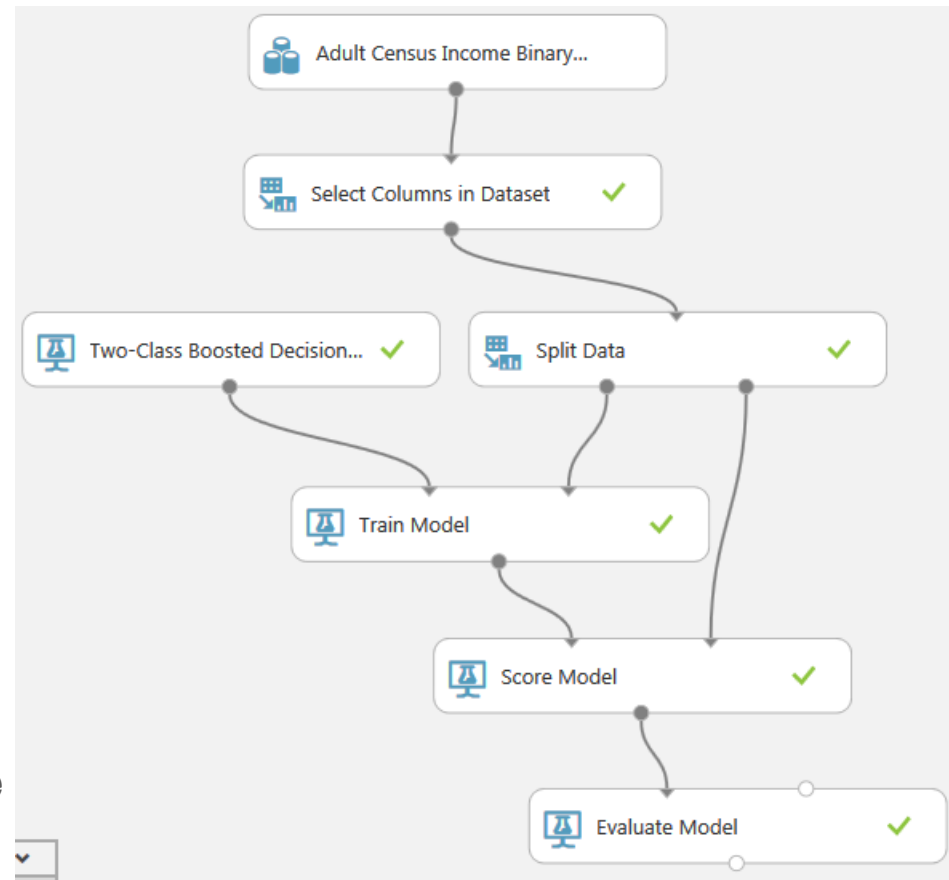


6. 예측 정확도 : Regression > Neural Network > Boosted Decision Tree

# Classification Model

# Classification Analysis

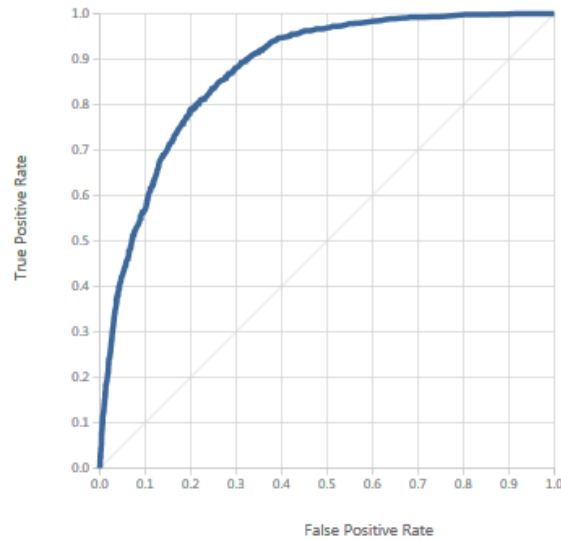
1. “Adult Census Income Binary Classification dataset” 불러오기
2. Select columns in Dataset  
: age, education, marital-status, relationship, race, sex, **income(기준: 50K)**
3. Split Data:  
Training set 80%, Test set 20%
4. Classification method:  
Two-Class Boosted Decision Tree



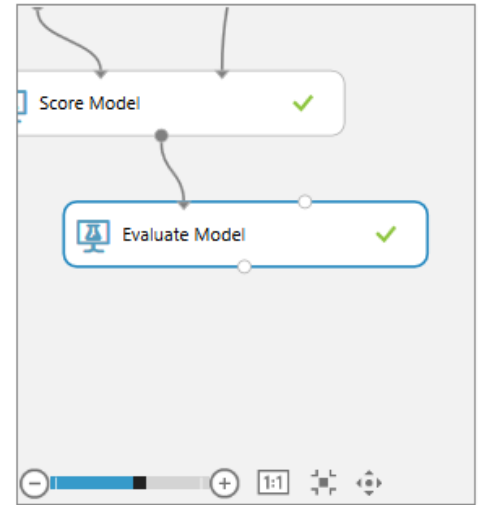
# Classification Analysis

- 5. Evaluate Model : Visualize 클릭
- 6. ROC커브 를 통해 모델 성능 평가 : 수직축 (민감도) 수평축 (특이도 - 1)

ROC PRECISION/RECALL LIFT



Scored dataset



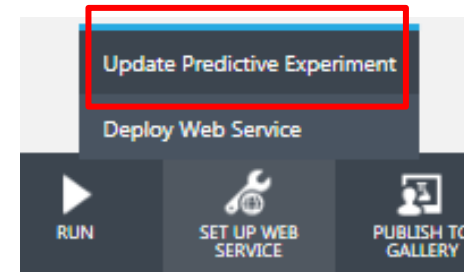
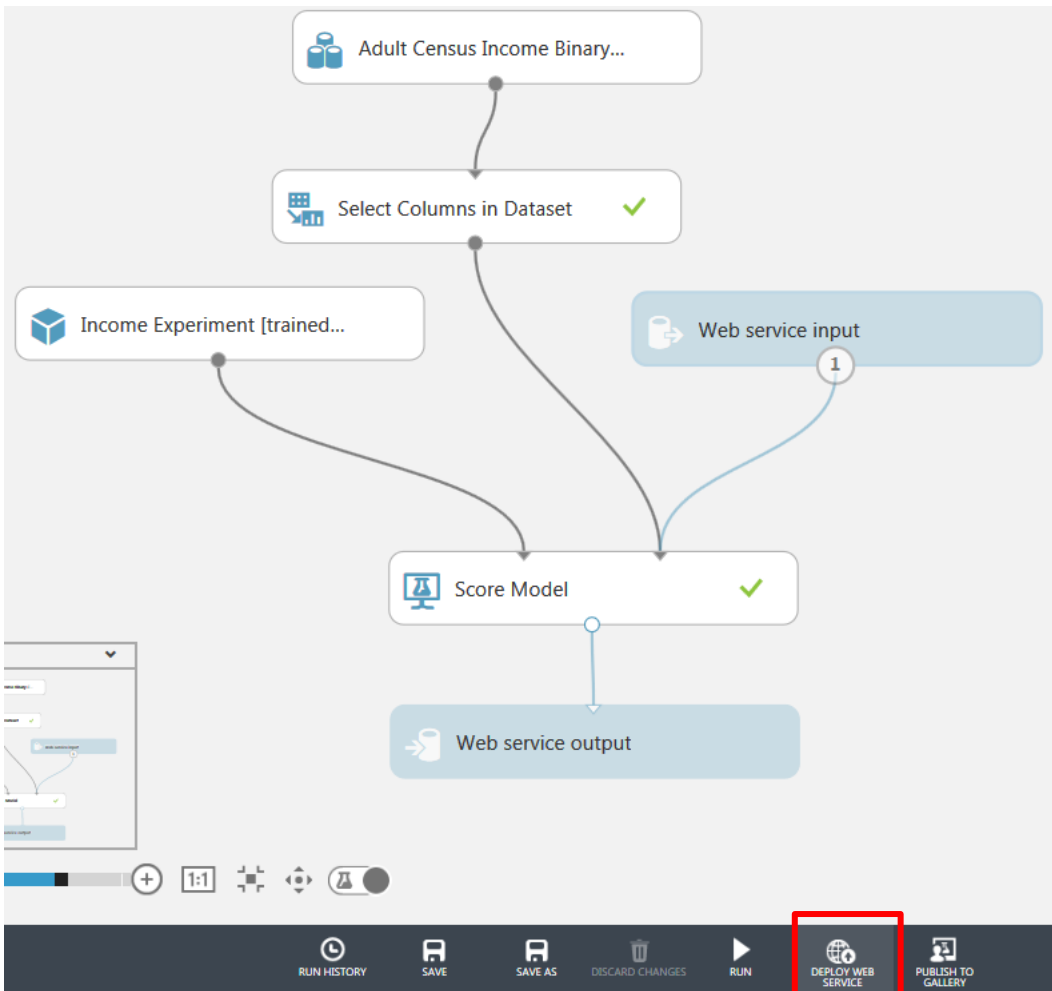
True Positive	False Negative	Accuracy	Precision	Threshold	AUC
887	691	0.823	0.658	0.5	0.875
False Positive	True Negative	Recall	F1 Score		
462	4472	0.562	0.606		
Positive Label	Negative Label				
>50K	<=50K				

Score Bin	Positive Examples	Negative Examples	Fraction Above Threshold	Accuracy	F1 Score	Precision	Recall	Negative Precision	Negative Recall	Cumulativ
(0.900,1.000]	43	10	0.008	0.763	0.053	0.811	0.027	0.762	0.998	0.00
(0.800,0.900]	181	40	0.042	0.784	0.242	0.818	0.142	0.783	0.990	0.00
(0.700,0.800]	307	110	0.106	0.815	0.468	0.768	0.337	0.820	0.968	0.00
(0.600,0.700]	135	80	0.139	0.823	0.536	0.735	0.422	0.837	0.951	0.00
(0.500,0.600]	221	222	0.207	0.823	0.606	0.658	0.562	0.866	0.906	0.03



# Classification Analysis

## 7. Update Predictive Experiment 클릭



## 8. DEPLOY WEB SERVICE 클릭

# Classification Analysis

## 9. Test preview 클릭

Microsoft Azure Machine Learning Studio

income experiment [predictive exp.]

DASHBOARD CONFIGURATION

General [New Web Services Experience](#) preview

Published experiment  
[View snapshot](#) [View latest](#)

Description  
No description provided for this web service.

API key

Default Endpoint

API HELP PAGE	TEST	APPS	LAST UPDATED
REQUEST/RESPONSE	<a href="#">Test</a> <a href="#">Test preview</a>	Excel 2013 or later    Excel 2010 or earlier workbook	3/24/2017 3:30:13 PM
BATCH EXECUTION	<a href="#">Test preview</a>	Excel 2013 or later workbook	3/24/2017 3:30:13 PM



# Classification Analysis

10. Input 입력 후 output 확인  
Scored Labels : >50K  
Scored Probabilities: 90.06%

Request-Response Batch

Sample Data ×

Sample Data is a feature for your web service users to get started with using your web service. Sample data will make a small sample from your training data set available, so we can populate this test dialog. Do you want to enable it?

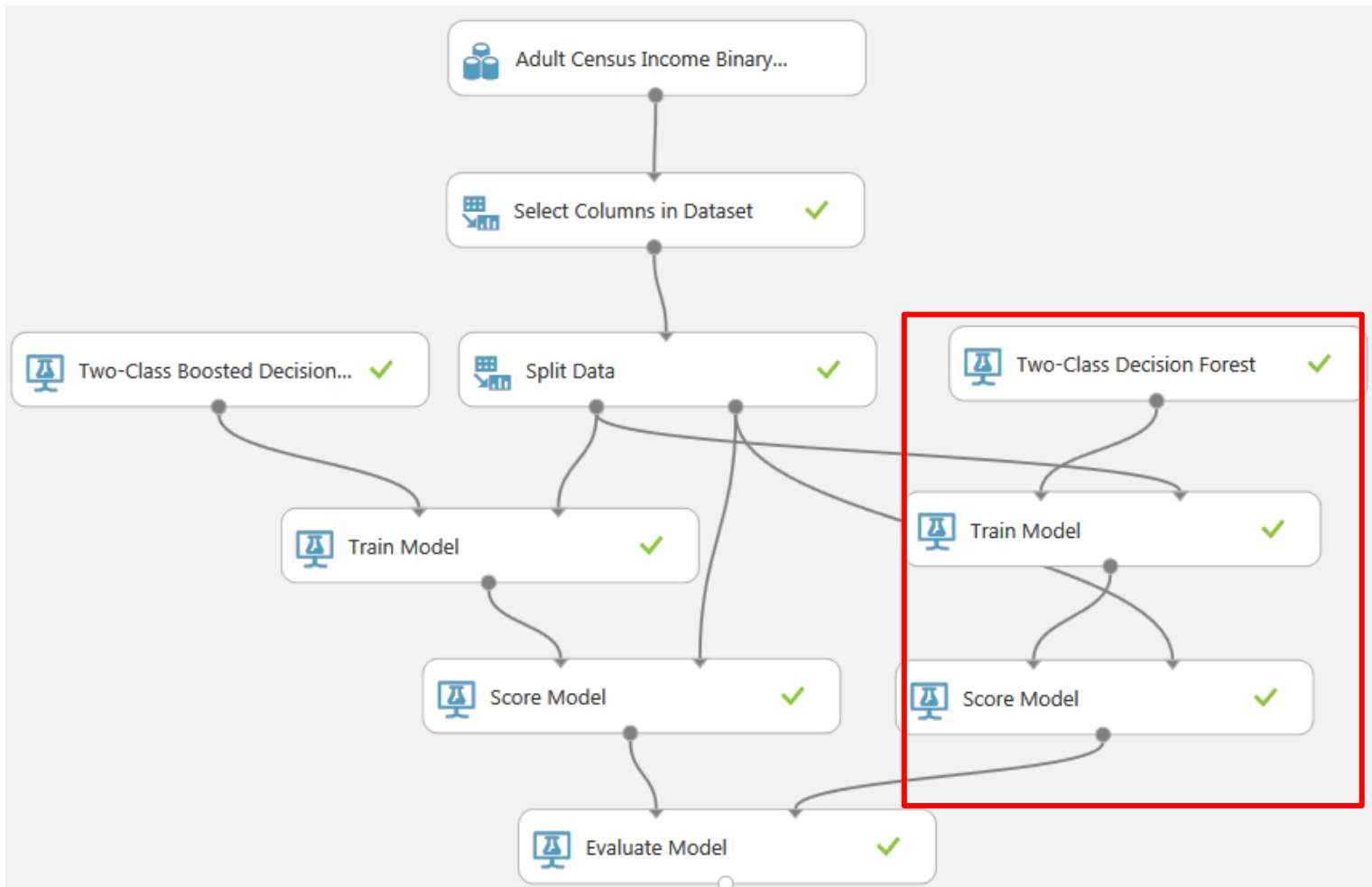
input1   output1

age	<input type="text" value="44"/>	age	44
education	<input type="text" value="Doctorate"/>	education	Doctorate
marital-status	<input type="text" value="Married-civ-spouse"/>	marital-status	Married-civ-spouse
relationship	<input type="text" value="Own-child"/>	relationship	Own-child
race	<input type="text" value="White"/>	race	White
sex	<input type="text" value="Female"/>	sex	Female

Scored Labels	>50K
Scored Probabilities	0.900640428066254

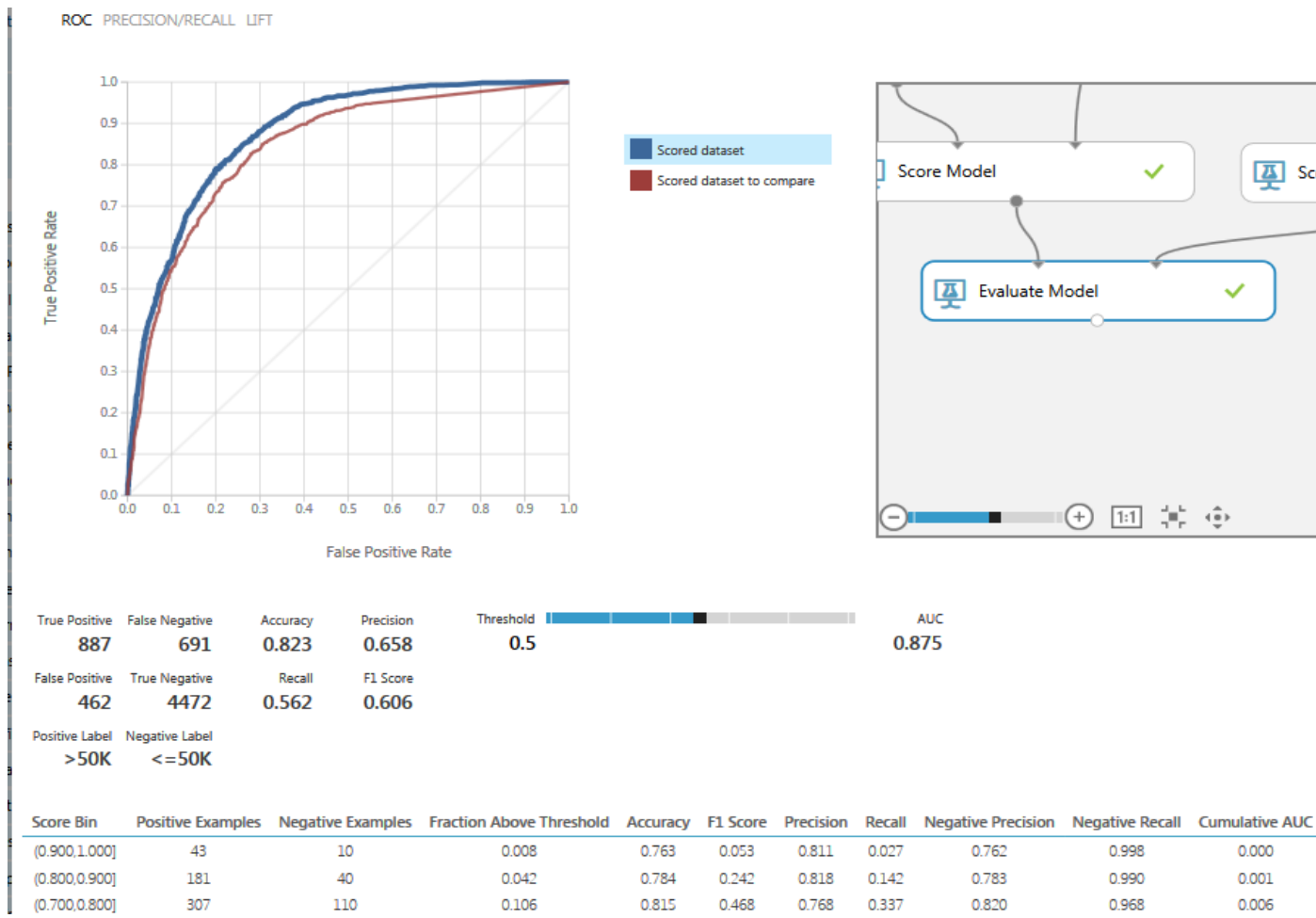
# Classification Model 성능 비교

## 11. Two-Class Decision Forest Model 추가



# Classification Model 성능 비교

## 12. 예측 정확도 : Two-Class Boosted Decision Tree > Two-Class Decision Forest



# Azure ML 장.단점

## 장점:

- 1) H/W, S/W를 별도 구매할 필요 없음
- 2) drag, drop, connect를 통해서 모델을 훈련 시킴
- 3) 데이터 집합과 모듈을 시각적으로 연결하면 예측 분석 모델 구성
- 4) 35개의 샘플 데이터 셋과 68개의 샘플 실험 제공

} 편리성

- 5) 다양한 ML 라이브러리 제공 (36개)
- 6) R 및 Python 스크립트를 추가하여 확장 가능함
- 7) Predictive Experiment 기능
- 8) Open API 제공

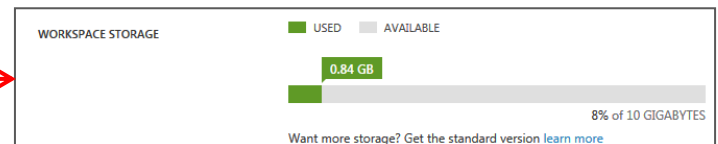
} 확장성 & 유연성

- 9) Running time 짧음 (ex. Linear.csv(100만건): 4분 소요)  
Income Binary.csv(3만건): 15초 소요)
- 10) 다양한 data formats 지원 (csv, text, SQLtable, Rdata, zip 등)

} 기능성

## 단점:

- 1) 데이터 업로드 속도가 느림 (ex. Linear.csv(100만건): 10분 소요)
- 2) 동시에 3개 이상의 모델 성능 비교 어려움
- 3) 무료 사용기간이 짧고 사용 용량이 적음 (30일, 10GB)



# Amazon-Google-MS 머신러닝 서비스 비교분석

	AWS Machine Learning	Google Prediction API	MS Azure Machine Learning
data sources	text file uploaded into S3 AWS RDS AWS Redshift AWS S3 table	text file uploaded into Google Storage Google Spreadsheet HTTPS requests API update calls	uploaded text file Azure Storage SQL database web URL Hadoop HiveQL
data formats	csv file S3 or Redshift database	txt file spreadsheet JSON	csv and txt files Hive/SQL tables OData values svmlight arff zip RData
dataset maximum size	100 GB	text file: 2.5 GB HTTP request: 2 MB	10 GB
data types	boolean categorical numeric string	numeric string	boolean categorical datetime numeric string timespan

# 참고자료

1. Microsoft Azure:  
<https://azure.microsoft.com/ko-kr/>
2. Azure machine-learning studio:  
<https://studio.azureml.net/>
3. Azure machine-learning 가격, 설명서:  
<https://azure.microsoft.com/ko-kr/services/machine-learning/>
4. Azure machine-learning 개요, 사용방법:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/ko-kr/azure/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithm-choice>



**Thank you**